Fifty-seventh Legislature First Regular Session

COMMITTEE ON WAYS & MEANS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AMENDMENTS TO H.B. 2515 (Reference to printed bill)

Amendment instruction key: [GREEN UNDERLINING IN BRACKETS] indicates text added to statute or previously enacted session law. [Green underlining in brackets] indicates text added to new session law or text restoring existing law. [GREEN STRIKEOUT IN BRACKETS] indicates new text removed from statute or previously enacted session law. [Green strikeout in brackets] indicates text removed from existing statute, previously enacted session law or new session law. <<Green carets>> indicate a section added to the bill. <<Green strikeout in carets>> indicates a section removed from the bill.

1 The bill as proposed to be amended is reprinted as follows:

2 Section 1. Section 15-481, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read:

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15-481. <u>Override election: budget increases: informational</u> <u>pamphlet: notice: ballot: effect</u>

A. If a proposed budget of a school district exceeds the aggregate 6 7 budget limit for the budget year, at least ninety days before the proposed 8 election the governing board shall order an override election to be held 9 on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November as prescribed 10 by section 16-204, subsection F for the purpose of presenting the proposed 11 budget to the qualified electors of the school district who by a majority 12 of those voting either shall affirm or reject the budget. At the same 13 time as the order of the election, the governing board shall publicly 14 declare the deadline for submitting arguments, as set by the county school 15 superintendent pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 9 of this section, to 16 be submitted in the informational pamphlet and shall immediately post the 17 deadline in a prominent location on the district's website. In addition. 18 the governing board shall prepare an alternate budget that does not 19 include an increase in the budget of more than the amount allowed as 20 provided in section 15-905. If the qualified electors approve the 21 proposed budget, the governing board of the school district shall follow 22 the procedures prescribed in section 15-905 for adopting a budget that 23 includes the authorized increase. If the qualified electors disapprove 24 the proposed budget, the governing board shall follow the procedures 25 prescribed in section 15-905 for adopting a budget that does not include 26 the proposed increase or the portion of the proposed increase that exceeds 27 the amount authorized by a previously approved budget increase as 28 prescribed in subsection P of this section.

B. The county school superintendent shall prepare an informational pamphlet on the proposed increase in the budget and a sample ballot and, at least forty days before the election, shall transmit the informational pamphlet and the sample ballot to the governing board of the school district. The governing board, on receipt of the informational pamphlet and the ballot, shall mail or distribute the informational pamphlet and the ballot to the households in which qualified electors reside within the school district at least thirty-five days before the election. Any distribution of material concerning the proposed increase in the budget shall not be conducted by children enrolled in the school district. The informational pamphlet shall contain the following information:

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The date of the election.
 The voter's polling place and the times it

The voter's polling place and the times it is open.
 The proposed total increase in the budget that exceeds the samount allowed pursuant to section 15-905.

16 4. The total amount of the current year's budget, the total amount 17 of the proposed budget and the total amount of the alternate budget.

18 5. If the override is for a period of more than one year, a 19 statement indicating the number of years the proposed increase in the 20 budget would be in effect and the percentage of the school district's 21 revenue control limit that the district is requesting for the future 22 years.

6. The proposed total amount of revenues that will fund the increase in the budget and the amount that will be obtained from a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district for the first gear for which the budget increase was adopted.

7. The proposed amount of revenues that will fund the increase in budget and that will be obtained from other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district for the first year for which the budget increase was adopted.

8. The dollar amount and the purpose for which the proposed increase in the budget is to be expended for the first year for which the budget increase was adopted. The purpose statement shall only present factual information in a neutral manner. Advocacy for the expenditures is strictly limited to the arguments submitted pursuant to paragraph 9 of this subsection.

9. At least two arguments, if submitted, but not more than ten arguments for and two arguments, if submitted, but not more than ten arguments against the proposed increase in the budget. The arguments the shall be in a form prescribed by the county school superintendent, and argument shall not exceed two hundred words. Arguments for the proposed increase in the budget shall be provided in writing and signed by the governing board. The ballot arguments for the proposed increase in the budget shall be signed as the governing board of the school district without listing any member's individual name for the arguments for the proposed increase. If submitted, additional arguments in favor of the the budget shall be budget shall be provided in writing with a

1 signed, sworn statement by those in favor. Arguments against the proposed 2 increase in the budget shall be provided in writing with a signed, sworn 3 statement by those in opposition. If the argument is submitted by an 4 organization, it shall contain the sworn statement of two executive 5 officers of the organization. If the argument is submitted by a political 6 committee, it shall contain the sworn statement of the committee's 7 chairperson or treasurer. If the argument is submitted by an individual 8 and not on behalf of an organization, a political committee or any other 9 group, the person INDIVIDUAL shall submit the argument with a sworn, 10 notarized statement. The names of persons and entities submitting written 11 arguments shall be included in the informational pamphlet. Persons 12 signing the argument shall identify themselves by giving their residence 13 address and telephone number, which may not appear in the informational 14 pamphlet, except that the person's city or town and state of residence 15 shall appear in the pamphlet. Any argument that is submitted and that 16 does not comply with this paragraph may not be included in the pamphlet. 17 The county school superintendent shall review all factual statements 18 contained in the written arguments and correct any inaccurate statements 19 of fact. The superintendent shall not review and correct any portion of 20 the written arguments that are identified as statements of the author's 21 opinion. The county school superintendent shall make the written 22 arguments available to the public as provided in title 39, chapter 1, 23 article 2. A deadline for submitting arguments to be included in the 24 informational pamphlet shall be set by the county school superintendent.

25 10. A statement that the alternate budget shall be adopted by the 26 governing board if the proposed budget is not adopted by the qualified 27 electors of the school district.

11. The current limited property value and the net assessed yaluation provided by the department of revenue, the first year tax rate for the proposed override and the estimated amount of the secondary property taxes if the proposed budget is adopted for each of the 22 following:

33 (a) An owner-occupied residence whose assessed valuation is the 34 average assessed valuation of property classified as class three, as 35 prescribed by section 42-12003 for the current year in the school 36 district.

37 (b) An owner-occupied residence whose assessed valuation is 38 one-half of the assessed valuation of the residence in subdivision (a) of 39 this paragraph.

40 (c) An owner-occupied residence whose assessed valuation is twice 41 the assessed valuation of the residence in subdivision (a) of this 42 paragraph.

43 (d) A business whose assessed valuation is the average of the 44 assessed valuation of property classified as class one, as prescribed by 45 section 42–12001, paragraphs 12 and 13 for the current year in the school 46 district. 1 12. If the election is conducted pursuant to subsection L or M of 2 this section, the following information:

3 (a) An executive summary of the school district's most recent 4 capital improvement plan submitted to the school facilities oversight 5 board.

6 (b) A complete list of each proposed capital improvement that will 7 be funded with the budget increase and a description of the proposed cost 8 of each improvement, including a separate aggregation of capital 9 improvements for administrative purposes as defined by the school 10 facilities oversight board.

11 (c) The tax rate associated with each of the proposed capital 12 improvements and the estimated cost of each capital improvement for the 13 owner of a single family home that is valued at \$80,000 [\$100,000 AND] 14 \$400,000.

15 C. For the purpose of this section, the school district may use its 16 staff, equipment, materials, buildings or other resources only to 17 distribute the informational pamphlet at the school district office or at 18 public hearings and to produce such information as required in subsection 19 B of this section. This subsection does not preclude school districts 20 from holding or participating in any public hearings at which testimony is 21 given by at least one person for the proposed increase and one person 22 against the proposed increase. Any written information provided by the 23 district pertaining to the override election shall include financial 24 information showing the estimated first year tax rate for the proposed 25 budget override amount.

D. If any amount of the proposed increase will be funded by a levy of taxes in the district, the election prescribed in subsection A of this section shall be held on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November as prescribed by section 16-204, subsection F. If the proposed increase will be fully funded by revenues from other than a levy of taxes, the elections prescribed in subsection A of this section shall be held on any date prescribed by section 16-204. The elections shall be conducted as nearly as practicable in the manner prescribed in article 1 of this that chapter, sections 15-422, through 15-423, 15-424 and section relating to special elections, except that:

36 1. The notices required pursuant to section 15-403 shall be posted 37 not less than twenty-five days before the election.

38 2. Ballots shall be counted pursuant to title 16, chapter 4, 39 article 10.

E. If the election is to exceed the revenue control limit and if the proposed increase will be fully funded by a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget increase, yes" and "budget increase, no", and the voter taxable property the voter's desired choice. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed increase of the proposed budget over the alternate budget, a statement that the amount of the proposed increase the school district's revenue control 1 limit in future years, if applicable, as provided in subsection P of this 2 section and the following statement:

3 Any budget increase authorized by this election shall be 4 entirely funded by a levy of taxes on the taxable property 5 within this school district for the year for which adopted and 6 for _____ subsequent years, shall not be realized from monies 7 furnished by the state and shall not be subject to the 8 limitation on taxes specified in article IX, section 18, 9 Constitution of Arizona. Based on the current net assessed 10 valuation used for secondary property tax purposes, to fund the proposed increase in the school district's budget would 11 12 require an estimated tax rate of \$_____ per \$100 of 13 net assessed valuation used for secondary property tax 14 purposes and is in addition to the school district's tax rate 15 that will be levied to fund the school district's revenue control limit allowed by law. 16

F. If the election is to exceed the revenue control limit and if 17 18 the proposed increase will be fully funded by revenues from other than a 19 levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district, the 20 ballot shall contain the words "budget increase, yes" and "budget 21 increase, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired choice. 22 The ballot shall also contain:

23 1. The amount of the proposed increase of the proposed budget over 24 the alternate budget.

2. A statement that the amount of the proposed increase will be 25 26 based on a percentage of the school district's revenue control limit in 27 future years, if applicable, as provided in subsection P of this section. 28 3. The following statement:

Any budget increase authorized by this election shall be 29 entirely funded by this school district with revenues from 30 other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the 31 school district for the year for which adopted and for 32 33 subsequent years and shall not be realized from monies 34 furnished by the state.

G. Except as provided in subsection H of this section, the maximum 35 36 budget increase that may be requested and authorized as provided in 37 subsection E or F of this section or the combination of subsections E and 38 F of this section is fifteen percent of the revenue control limit as 39 provided in section 15-947, subsection A for the budget year. If a school 40 district requests an override pursuant to section 15-482 or to continue 41 with a budget override pursuant to section 15-482 for pupils in 42 kindergarten programs and grades one through three that was authorized 43 before December 31, 2008, the maximum budget increase that may be 44 requested and authorized as provided in subsection E or F of this section 45 or the combination of subsections E and F of this section is ten percent 46 of the revenue control limit as provided in section 15-947, subsection A 47 for the budget year.

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(i)

1 H. Special budget override provisions for school districts with a 2 student count of less than one hundred fifty-four in kindergarten programs 3 and grades one through eight or with a student count of less than one 4 hundred seventy-six in grades nine through twelve are as follows:

5 1. The maximum budget increase that may be requested and authorized 6 as provided in subsections E and F of this section is the greater of the 7 amount prescribed in subsection G of this section or a limit computed as 8 follows:

9 (a) For common or unified districts with a student count of less 10 than one hundred fifty-four in kindergarten programs and grades one 11 through eight, the limit computed as prescribed in item (i) or (ii) of 12 this subdivision, whichever is appropriate:

13	(1)								
14		Small School	Support Level Weight	Phase Down					
15	Student	Student	for Small Isolated	Reduction					
16	<u>Count</u>	<u>Count Limit</u>	<u>School Districts</u>	<u>Base Level</u> <u>Factor</u>					
17		<u>125</u> x	1.358 + (0.0005 x x	<u>\$</u> = <u>\$</u>					
18			(500 — Student Count))						
19				Small Isolated					
20		Phase Down	Phase Down	School District					
21		Base	<u>Reduction Factor</u>	<u>Elementary Limit</u>					
22		\$150,000 -	\$ =	\$					
23	(ii)								
24		Small School	Support Level Weight	Phase Down					
25	Student	Student	for Small	Reduction					
26	<u>Count</u>	<u>Count Limit</u>	<u>School Districts</u>	<u>Base Level</u> <u>Factor</u>					
27		<u>125</u> x	1.278 + (0.0003 x x	<u>\$</u> = <u>\$</u>					
28			(500 - Student Count))						
29				Small					
30		Phase Down	Phase Down	School District					
31		Base	<u>Reduction Factor</u>	<u>Elementary Limit</u>					
32		\$150,000 -	<u>\$</u> =	<u>\$</u>					
33	(b)	For unified or	union high school distr	icts with a student count					
34	-								
35									
36	whichever	is appropriate:							
37	(i)								
38		Small School	Support Level Weight	Phase Down					
39	Student	Student	for Small Isolated	Reduction					
40	<u>Count</u>	<u>Count Limit</u>	<u>School Districts</u>	<u>Base Level Factor</u>					
41		<u> 100 </u>	1.468 + (0.0005 x x	<u>\$</u> = <u></u> \$					
42			(500 — Student Count))						
43				Small Isolated					
44		Phase Down	Phase Down	District					
45		Base	<u>Reduction Factor</u>	<u>Secondary Limit</u>					
46		\$350,000 -	<u>\$</u> =	<u>\$</u>					
47	(ii)								

1		Small School	Support Level Weight			Phase Down
2	Student	Student	for Small			Reduction
3	<u>Count</u>	<u>Count Limit</u>	<u>School Districts</u>	ļ	<u>Base Level</u>	Factor
4		<u> 100 x</u>	1.398 + (0.0004 x)	x <u>:</u>	<u></u> =	\$
5			(500 - Student Count))			
6					Small	
7		Phase Down	Phase Down		School Dist	rict
8		Base	<u>Reduction Factor</u>		<u>Secondary L</u>	<u>imit</u>
9		\$350,000 -	<u>\$</u>	=	\$	
10	(-)		itations (a) and (b) af	ᆔᆔ	*	

(c) If both subdivisions (a) and (b) of this paragraph apply to a 10 11 unified school district, its limit for the purposes of this paragraph is 12 the combination of its elementary limit and its secondary limit.

(d) If only subdivision (a) or (b) of this paragraph applies to a 13 14 unified school district, the district's limit for the purposes of this 15 paragraph is the sum of the limit computed as provided in subdivision (a) 16 or (b) of this paragraph plus ten percent of the revenue control limit 17 attributable to those grade levels that do not meet the eligibility 18 requirements of this subsection. If a school district budgets monies 19 outside the revenue control limit pursuant to section 15-949, subsection 20 E, the district's limit for the purposes of this paragraph is only the ten 21 percent of the revenue control limit attributable to those grade levels 22 that are not included under section 15-949, subsection E. For the 23 purposes of this subdivision, the revenue control limit is separated into 24 elementary and secondary components based on the weighted student count as 25 provided in section 15-971, subsection B, paragraph 2, subdivision (a).

26 2. If a school district utilizes this subsection to request an 27 override of more than one year, the ballot shall include an estimate of 28 the amount of the proposed increase in the future years in place of the 29 statement that the amount of the proposed increase will be based on a 30 percentage of the school district's revenue control limit in future years, 31 as prescribed in subsections E and F of this section.

32 3. Notwithstanding subsection P of this section, the maximum period 33 of an override authorized pursuant to this subsection is five years.

4. Subsection P, paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section do not apply to 34 35 overrides authorized pursuant to this subsection.

36 I. If the election is to exceed the revenue control limit as 37 provided in section 15-482 and if the proposed increase will be fully 38 funded by a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school 39 district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget increase, yes" and 40 "budget increase, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired 41 choice. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed increase 42 of the budget over the alternate budget, a statement that the amount of 43 the proposed increase will be based on a percentage of the school 44 district's revenue control limit in future years, if applicable, as 45 provided in subsection Q of this section, and the following statement: 46 Any budget increase authorized by this election shall be 47

entirely funded by a levy of taxes on the taxable property

1 within this school district for the year for which adopted and 2 for _____ subsequent years, shall not be realized from monies 3 furnished by the state and shall not be subject to the 4 limitation on taxes specified in article IX, section 18, 5 Constitution of Arizona. Based on the current net assessed 6 valuation used for secondary property tax purposes, to fund 7 the proposed increase in the school district's budget that 8 will be funded by a levy of taxes on the taxable property 9 within this school district would require an estimated tax 10 rate of \$_____ per \$100 of net assessed valuation used for secondary property tax purposes and is in addition to the 11 school district's tax rate that will be levied to fund the 12 13 school district's revenue control limit allowed by law.

J. If the election is to exceed the revenue control limit as provided in section 15-482 and if the proposed increase will be fully funded by revenues other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget increase, yes" and "budget increase, no", and the voter shall signify the yoter's desired choice. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed increase of the proposed budget over the alternate budget, a statement that the amount of the proposed increase will be based on a percentage of the school district's revenue control limit in future years, if applicable, as provided in subsection Q of this section and the 24 following statement:

Any budget increase authorized by this election shall be entirely funded by this school district with revenues from other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district for the year for which adopted and for ______ subsequent years and shall not be realized from monies furnished by the state.

K. The maximum budget increase that may be requested and authorized 31 32 as provided in subsection I or J of this section, or a combination of both 33 of these subsections, is five percent of the revenue control limit as 34 provided in section 15-947, subsection A for the budget year. For a 35 common school district not within a high school district or a common 36 school district within a high school district that offers instruction in 37 high school subjects as provided in section 15-447, five percent of the 38 revenue control limit means five percent of the revenue control limit 39 attributable to the weighted student count in preschool programs for 40 children with disabilities, kindergarten programs and grades one through 41 eight as provided in section 15-971, subsection B. For a unified school 42 district, five percent of the revenue control limit means five percent of 43 the revenue control limit attributable to the weighted student count in 44 preschool programs for children with disabilities, kindergarten programs 45 and grades one through twelve. For a union high school district, five 46 percent of the revenue control limit means five percent of the revenue

1 control limit attributable to the weighted student count in grades nine 2 through twelve.

3 L. If the election is to exceed district additional assistance and 4 if the proposed increase will be fully funded by a levy of taxes on the 5 taxable property within the school district, the ballot shall contain the 6 words "budget increase, yes" and "budget increase, no", and the voter 7 shall signify the voter's desired choice. An election held pursuant to 8 this subsection shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday 9 of November. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed 10 increase of the proposed budget over the alternate budget and the 11 following statement:

12 Any budget increase authorized by this election shall be 13 entirely funded by a levy of taxes on the taxable property 14 within this school district for the year in which adopted and 15 for _____ subsequent years, shall not be realized from monies furnished by the state and shall not be subject to the 16 17 limitation on taxes specified in article IX, section 18, 18 Constitution of Arizona. Based on the current net assessed 19 valuation used for secondary property tax purposes, to fund 20 the proposed increase in the school district's budget would require an estimated tax rate of \$_____ per \$100 of net 21 22 assessed valuation used for secondary property tax purposes 23 and is in addition to the school district's tax rate that will 24 be levied to fund the school district's district additional 25 assistance allowed by law.

M. If the election is to exceed district additional assistance and rif the proposed increase will be fully funded by revenues from other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget increase, yes" and "budget o increase, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired choice. An election held pursuant to this subsection shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed increase of the proposed budget over the alternate budget and the following statement:

Any budget increase authorized by this election shall be entirely funded by this school district with revenues from other than a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district for the year in which adopted and for ______ subsequent years and shall not be realized from monies furnished by the state.

N. If the election is to exceed a combination of the revenue control limit as provided in subsection E or F of this section, the revenue control limit as provided in subsection I or J of this section or district additional assistance as provided in subsection L or M of this section, the ballot shall be prepared so that the voters may vote on each for proposed increase separately and shall contain statements required in the are manner as if each proposed increase were submitted separately. 0. If the election provides for a levy of taxes on the taxable property within the school district, at least thirty days before the election, the department of revenue shall provide the school district governing board and the county school superintendent with the current net sassessed valuation of the school district. The governing board and the county school superintendent shall use the current net assessed valuation of the school district to translate the amount of the proposed dollar ncrease in the budget of the school district over that allowed by law into a tax rate figure.

P. If the voters in a school district vote to adopt a budget in 10 11 excess of the revenue control limit as provided in subsection E or F of 12 this section, any additional increase shall be included in the aggregate 13 budget limit for each of the years authorized. Any additional increase 14 shall be excluded from the determination of equalization assistance. The 15 school district governing board, however, may levy on the net assessed 16 valuation used for secondary property tax purposes of the property in the 17 school district the additional increase if adopted under subsection E of 18 this section for the period of one year, two years or five through seven 19 years as authorized. If an additional increase is approved as provided in 20 subsection F of this section, the school district governing board may only 21 use revenues derived from the school district's prior year's maintenance 22 and operation fund ending cash balance to fund the additional increase. 23 If a budget increase was previously authorized and will be in effect for 24 the budget year or budget year and subsequent years, as provided in 25 subsection E or F of this section, the governing board may request a new 26 budget increase as provided in the same subsection under which the prior 27 budget increase was adopted, which shall not exceed the maximum amount 28 allowed under subsection G of this section. If the voters in the school 29 district authorize the new budget increase amount, the existing budget 30 increase no longer is in effect. If the voters in the school district do 31 not authorize the budget increase amount, the existing budget increase 32 remains in effect for the time period for which it was authorized. The 33 maximum additional increase authorized as provided in subsection E or F of 34 this section and the additional increase that is included in the aggregate 35 budget limit is based on a percentage of a school district's revenue 36 control limit in future years, if the budget increase is authorized for 37 more than one year. If the additional increase:

38 1. Is for two years, the proposed increase in the second year is 39 equal to the initial proposed percentage increase.

2. Is for five years or more, the proposed increase is equal to the 41 initial proposed percentage increase in the following years of the 42 proposed increase, except that in the next to last year it is two-thirds 43 of the initial proposed percentage increase and it is one-third of the 44 initial proposed percentage increase in the last year of the proposed 45 increase.

46 Q. If the voters in a school district vote to adopt a budget in 47 excess of the revenue control limit as provided in subsection I or J of

1 this section, any additional increase shall be included in the aggregate 2 budget limit for each of the years authorized. Any additional increase 3 shall be excluded from the determination of equalization assistance. The 4 school district governing board, however, may levy on the net assessed 5 valuation used for secondary property tax purposes of the property in the 6 school district the additional increase if adopted under subsection I of 7 this section for the period of one year, two years or five through seven 8 years as authorized. If an additional increase is approved as provided in 9 subsection J of this section, the increase may only be budgeted and 10 expended if sufficient monies are available in the maintenance and 11 operation fund of the school district. If a budget increase was 12 previously authorized and will be in effect for the budget year or budget 13 year and subsequent years, as provided in subsection I or J of this 14 section, the governing board may request a new budget increase as provided 15 in the same subsection under which the prior budget increase was adopted 16 that does not exceed the maximum amount permitted under subsection K of 17 this section. If the voters in the school district authorize the new 18 budget increase amount, the existing budget increase no longer is in 19 effect. If the voters in the school district do not authorize the budget 20 increase amount, the existing budget increase remains in effect for the 21 time period for which it was authorized. The maximum additional increase 22 authorized as provided in subsection I or J of this section and the 23 additional increase that is included in the aggregate budget limit is 24 based on a percentage of a school district's revenue control limit in 25 future years, if the budget increase is authorized for more than one year. 26 If the additional increase:

27 1. Is for two years, the proposed increase in the second year is 28 equal to the initial proposed percentage increase.

29 2. Is for five years or more, the proposed increase is equal to the 30 initial proposed percentage increase in the following years of the 31 proposed increase, except that in the next to last year it is two-thirds 32 of the initial proposed percentage increase and it is one-third of the 33 initial proposed percentage increase in the last year of the proposed 34 increase.

R. If the voters in a school district vote to adopt a budget in dexcess of district additional assistance as provided in subsection L of this section, any additional increase shall be included in the aggregate budget limit for each of the years authorized. The additional increase shall be excluded from the determination of equalization assistance. The school district governing board, however, may levy on the net assessed valuation used for secondary property tax purposes of the property in the school district the additional increase for the period authorized but not to exceed ten years. For overrides approved by a vote of the qualified electors of the school district at an election held from and after bottober 31, 1998, the period of the additional increase prescribed in this subsection shall not exceed seven years for any capital override election. S. If the voters in a school district vote to adopt a budget in excess of district additional assistance as provided in subsection M of this section, any additional increase shall be included in the aggregate budget limit for each of the years authorized. The additional increase shall be excluded from the determination of equalization assistance. The school district governing board may only use revenues derived from the school district's prior year's maintenance and operation fund ending cash balance and capital outlay fund ending cash balance to fund the additional increase for the period authorized but not to exceed ten years. For overrides approved by a vote of the qualified electors of the school district at an election held from and after October 31, 1998, the period of the additional increase prescribed in this subsection shall not exceed seven years for any capital override election.

14 T. In addition to subsections P and S of this section, from the 15 maintenance and operation fund and capital outlay fund ending cash 16 balances, the school district governing board shall first use any 17 available revenues to reduce its primary tax rate to zero and shall use 18 any remaining revenues to fund the additional increase authorized as 19 provided in subsections F and M of this section.

U. If the voters in a school district disapprove the proposed budget, the alternate budget that, except for any budget increase authorized by a prior election, does not include an increase in the budget in excess of the amount provided in section 15-905 shall be adopted by the governing board as provided in section 15-905.

V. The governing board may request that any override election be cancelled if any change in chapter 9 of this title changes the amount of the aggregate budget limit as provided in section 15-905. The request to cancel the override election shall be made to the county school superintendent at least eighty days before the date of the scheduled override election.

31 W. For any election conducted pursuant to subsection L or M of this 32 section:

33 1. The ballot shall include the following statement in addition to 34 any other statement required by this section:

35 The capital improvements that are proposed to be funded 36 through this override election are to exceed the state 37 standards and are in addition to monies provided by the state. 38 _____ school district is proposing to increase its 39 budget by \$_____ to fund capital improvements over and 40 above those funded by the state. Under the students first 41 capital funding system, ______ school district is entitled 42 to state monies for new construction and renovation of school 43 buildings in accordance with state law.

2. The ballot shall contain the words "budget increase, yes" and 45 "budget increase, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired 46 choice. 1 3. At least eighty-five days before the election, the school 2 district shall submit proposed ballot language to the director of the 3 Arizona legislative council. The director of the Arizona legislative 4 council shall review the proposed ballot language to determine whether the 5 proposed ballot language complies with this section. If the director of 6 the Arizona legislative council determines that the proposed ballot 7 language does not comply with this section, the director, within ten 8 calendar days after receiving the proposed ballot language, shall notify 9 the school district of the director's objections, and the school district 10 shall resubmit revised ballot language to the director for approval.

11 X. If the voters approve the budget increase pursuant to subsection 12 L or M of this section, the school district shall not use the override 13 proceeds for any purposes other than the proposed capital improvements 14 listed in the informational pamphlet, except that up to ten percent of the 15 override proceeds may be used for general capital expenses, including cost 16 overruns of proposed capital improvements.

17 Y. Each school district that currently increases its budget 18 pursuant to this section shall hold a public meeting each year between 19 September 1 and October 31 at which an update of the programs or capital 20 improvements financed through the override is discussed and at which the 21 public is allowed an opportunity to comment and:

1. If the increase is pursuant to subsection L or M of this section, at a minimum, the update shall include the progress of capital improvements financed through the override, a comparison of the current status and the original projections on the construction of capital improvements, the costs of capital improvements and the costs of capital rimprovements in progress or completed since the prior meeting and the future capital plans of the school district. The school district shall include in the public meeting a discussion of the school district's use of state capital aid and voter-approved bonding in funding capital improvements, if any.

32 2. If the increase is pursuant to subsection E, F, I or J of this 33 section, the update shall include at a minimum the amount expended in the 34 previous fiscal year and the amount included in the current budget for 35 each of the purposes listed in the informational pamphlet prescribed by 36 subsection B of this section.

37 Z. If a budget in excess of district additional assistance was 38 previously adopted by the voters in a school district and will be in 39 effect for the budget year or budget year and subsequent years, as 40 provided in subsection L or M of this section, the governing board may 41 request an additional budget in excess of district additional assistance. 42 If the voters in a school district authorize the additional budget in 43 excess of district additional assistance, the existing district additional 44 assistance budget increase remains in effect.

AA. Notwithstanding any other law, the maximum budget increase that 46 may be authorized pursuant to subsection L or M of this section is ten 47 percent of the school district's revenue control limit. BB. If the election is to continue to exceed the revenue control limit and if the proposed override will be fully funded by a continuation of a levy of taxes on the taxable property in the school district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget override continuation, yes" and "budget override continuation, no", and the voter shall signify the over's desired choice. The ballot shall also contain the amount of the proposed continuation of the budget increase of the proposed budget over the alternate budget, a statement that the amount of the proposed increase will be based on a percentage of the school district's revenue control limit in future years, if applicable, as provided in subsection P of this section and the following statement:

12 Any budget increase continuation authorized by this 13 election shall be entirely funded by a levy of taxes on the 14 taxable property in this school district for the year for 15 which adopted and for ______ subsequent years, shall not be realized from monies furnished by the state and shall not be 16 17 subject to the limitation on taxes specified in article IX, 18 section 18, Constitution of Arizona. Based on the current net 19 assessed valuation used for secondary property tax purposes, 20 to fund the proposed continuation of the increase in the 21 school district's budget would require an estimated 22 continuation of a tax rate of \$ per \$100 of 23 assessed valuation used for secondary property tax purposes 24 and is in addition to the school district's tax rate that will 25 be levied to fund the school district's revenue control limit 26 allowed by law.

27 CC. If the election is to continue to exceed the revenue control 28 limit as provided in section 15-482 and if the proposed override will be 29 fully funded by a continuation of a levy of taxes on the taxable property 30 in the school district, the ballot shall contain the words "budget 31 override continuation, yes" and "budget override continuation, no", and 32 the voter shall signify the voter's desired choice. The ballot shall also 33 contain the amount of the proposed continuation of the budget increase of 34 the proposed budget over the alternate budget, a statement that the amount 35 of the proposed increase will be based on a percentage of the school 36 district's revenue control limit in future years, if applicable, as 37 provided in subsection P of this section and the following statement:

38 Any budget increase continuation authorized by this election shall be entirely funded by a levy of taxes on the 39 taxable property in this school district for the year for which 40 adopted and for ______ subsequent years, shall not be realized 41 42 from monies furnished by the state and shall not be subject to 43 the limitation on taxes specified in article IX, section 18, 44 Constitution of Arizona. Based on the current net assessed 45 valuation used for secondary property tax purposes, to fund the proposed continuation of the increase in the school district's 46 47 budget would require an estimated continuation of a tax rate of

1 \$_____ per \$100 of net assessed valuation used for 2 secondary property tax purposes and is in addition to the 3 school district's tax rate that will be levied to fund the 4 school district's revenue control limit allowed by law. 5 Sec. 2. Section 15-491, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 6 read:

7

15-491. Elections on school property: exceptions

8 A. The governing board of a school district may, and on petition of 9 fifteen percent of the school electors as shown by the poll list at the 10 last preceding annual school election shall, call an election for the 11 following purposes:

12

1. To locate or change the location of school buildings.

13 2. To purchase or sell school sites or buildings or sell school 14 sites pursuant to section 15-342 or to build school buildings, but the 15 authorization by vote of the school district shall not necessarily specify 16 the site to be purchased.

3. To decide whether the bonds of the school district shall be issued and sold for the purpose of raising monies for purchasing or leasing school lots, for building or renovating school buildings, for supplying school buildings with furniture, equipment and technology, for improving school grounds, for purchasing pupil transportation vehicles or for liquidating any indebtedness already incurred for such purposes. Bonds issued for furniture, equipment and technology, other than fixtures, shall mature not later than the July 1 that follows the fifth year after the bonds were issued. A school district shall not issue class B bonds until the school district has obligated in contract the entire proceeds of any class A bonds issued by the school district. The total amount of elass A and class B bonds issued by a school district shall not exceed the debt limitations prescribed in article IX, sections 8 and 8.1, Constitution of Arizona.

4. To lease for twenty or more years, as lessor or as lessee, school buildings or grounds. Approval by a majority of the school district electors voting authorizes the governing board to negotiate for and enter into a lease. The ballot shall list the school buildings or grounds for which a lease is sought. If the governing board does not enter into a lease of twenty or more years of the school buildings or grounds listed on the ballot within twenty years after the date of the lection and the board continues to seek such a lease, the governing board shall call a special election to reauthorize the board to negotiate for 40 and to enter into a lease of twenty or more years.

41 5. To change the list of capital projects or the purposes 42 authorized by prior voter approval to issue bonds.

6. To extend from six to ten years the time period to issue class B 44 bonds authorized in 2009 or earlier. Elections pursuant to this paragraph 45 may not be held later than the sixth November after the election approving 46 the issuance of the bonds. B. A petition is not required for holding the first election to be held in a joint common school district for any of the purposes specified in subsection A of this section. The certification of election results required by section 15-493 shall be made to the board of supervisors of the jurisdictional county.

6 C. When the election is called to determine whether or not bonds of 7 the school district shall be issued and sold for the purposes enumerated 8 in the call for the election, the question shall be submitted to the vote 9 of the qualified electors of the school district as defined in section 10 15-401 and subject to section 15-402.

D. The governing board shall order the election to be held and the election notice and procedures to be conducted in the manner prescribed in title 35, chapter 3, article 3. If a petition for an election has been filed with the governing board as provided in subsection A of this section, the board shall act on the petition within sixty days by ordering the election to be held as provided in this subsection. If a school district bond election is scheduled for the same date a school district will hold an override election, the governing body shall deliver a copy of the notice of election and ballot to the county school superintendent who shall include the notice of election and ballot with the informational pamphlet and ballot prepared for the override election. Mailing of the constitute compliance with the notice provisions of this section.

E. The elections to be held pursuant to this section shall only be held on dates prescribed by section 16-204, except that elections held pursuant to this section to decide whether class B bonds shall be issued, or any other obligation incurred that will require the assessment of secondary property taxes, shall only be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November.

F. Subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section does not apply to the sale of school property if the market value of the school property is less than \$50,000.

G. Bond counsel fees, financial advisory fees, printing costs and a paying agent and registrar fees for bonds issued pursuant to an election under this section shall be paid from either the amount authorized by the a qualified electors of the school district or current operating funds. Bond election expenses shall be paid from current operating funds only.

38 H. For any election conducted to decide whether class B bonds will 39 be issued pursuant to this section:

40 1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, the ballot 41 shall include the following statement:

42 The capital improvements that are proposed to be funded 43 through this bond issuance are to exceed the state standards 44 and are in addition to monies provided by the state.

45 ______ school district is proposing to issue class B
46 general obligation bonds totaling \$______ to fund capital
47 improvements over and above those funded by the state. Under

1 the students first capital funding system, _____ school 2 district is entitled to state monies for new construction and 3 renovation of school buildings in accordance with state law. 2. For a school district that is a career technical education 4 5 district, the ballot shall include the following statement: 6 _____, a career technical education district, is 7 proposing to issue class B general obligation bonds totaling \$_____ to fund capital improvements at a campus owned or 8 9 operated and maintained by the career technical education 10 district. 3. The ballot shall conform to the requirements of title 35, 11 12 chapter 3, article 3. 13 4. At least eighty-five days before the election, the school 14 district shall submit proposed ballot language to the county school 15 superintendent and the director of the Arizona legislative council. The 16 director of the Arizona legislative council shall review the proposed 17 ballot language to determine whether the proposed ballot language complies 18 with this section. If the director of the Arizona legislative council 19 determines that the proposed ballot language does not comply with this 20 section, the director, within ten calendar days after receiving the 21 proposed ballot language, shall notify the school district and the county 22 school superintendent of the director's objections, and the school 23 district shall resubmit revised ballot language to the director for 24 approval. 5. Not later than thirty-five days before a class B bond election 25 26 conducted pursuant to this section, the school district shall mail an 27 informational pamphlet prepared by the county school superintendent to 28 each household that contains a qualified elector in the school 29 district. The informational pamphlet shall contain, at a minimum, the 30 following information: (a) An executive summary of the school district's most recent 31 32 capital plan submitted to the school facilities oversight board. (b) A complete list of each proposed capital improvement that will 33 34 be funded with the proceeds of the bonds and a description of the proposed 35 cost of each improvement, including a separate aggregation of capital 36 improvements for administrative purposes as defined by the school 37 facilities oversight board. (c) The tax rate associated with each of the proposed capital 38 39 improvements and the estimated cost of each capital improvement for the 40 owner of a single family home that is valued at [\$100,000] [AND] \$400,000. 41 I. For any election conducted to decide whether impact aid revenue 42 bonds shall be issued pursuant to this section: 43 1. The ballot shall include the following statement: 44 The capital improvements that are proposed to be funded 45 through this bond issuance are to exceed the state standards 46 and are in addition to monies provided by the state.

1 _______ school district is proposing to issue impact 2 aid revenue bonds totaling \$______ to fund capital 3 improvements over and above those funded by the state. Under 4 the students first capital funding system, ______ school 5 district is entitled to state monies for new construction and 6 renovation of school buildings in accordance with state law.

7 2. The ballot shall contain the words "bond approval, yes" and 8 "bond approval, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired 9 choice.

3. At least eighty-five days before the election, the school district shall submit proposed ballot language to the director of the legislative council. The director of the legislative council shall review the proposed ballot language to determine whether the proposed ballot language complies with this section. If the director of the legislative council determines that the proposed ballot language does not comply with this section, the director, within ten calendar days after receiving the proposed ballot language, shall notify the school district of the language to the director for approval.

4. Not later than thirty-five days before an impact aid revenue 21 bond election conducted pursuant to this section, the school district 22 shall mail an informational pamphlet prepared by the county school 23 superintendent to each household that contains a qualified elector in the 24 school district. The informational pamphlet shall contain, at a minimum, 25 the following information:

26

(a) The date of the election.

27

(b) The voter's polling place and the times it is open.

28 (c) An executive summary of the school district's most recent 29 capital plan submitted to the school facilities oversight board.

30 (d) A complete list of each proposed capital improvement that will 31 be funded with the proceeds of the bonds and a description of the proposed 32 cost of each improvement, including a separate aggregation of capital 33 improvements for administrative purposes as defined by the school 34 facilities oversight board.

35 (e) A statement that impact aid revenue bonds will be fully funded 36 by aid that the school district receives from the federal government and 37 do not require a levy of taxes in the district.

38 (f) A statement that if the bonds are approved, the first priority 39 for the impact aid will be to pay the debt service for the bonds and that 40 other uses of the monies are prohibited until the debt service obligation 41 is met.

42 (g) A statement that if the impact aid revenue bonds are approved, 43 the school district shall not issue or sell class B bonds while the 44 district has existing indebtedness from impact aid revenue bonds, except 45 for bonds issued to refund any bonds issued by the board.

46 J. If the voters approve the issuance of school district class B 47 bonds or impact aid revenue bonds, the school district shall not use the 1 bond proceeds for any purposes other than the proposed capital 2 improvements listed in the informational pamphlet, except that up to ten 3 percent of the bond proceeds may be used for general capital expenses, 4 including cost overruns of proposed capital improvements. The proposed 5 capital improvements may be changed by a subsequent election as provided 6 by this section.

7 K. Each school district that issues bonds under this section shall 8 hold a public meeting each year between September 1 and October 31, until 9 the bond proceeds are spent, at which an update of the progress of capital 10 improvements financed through bonding is discussed and at which the public 11 is allowed an opportunity to comment. At a minimum, the update shall 12 include a comparison of the current status and the original projections on 13 the construction of capital improvements, the costs of capital 14 improvements and the costs of capital improvements in progress or 15 completed since the prior meeting and the future capital bonding plans of 16 the school district. The school district shall include in the public 17 meeting a discussion of the school district's use of state capital aid and 18 voter-approved capital overrides in funding capital improvements, if any.

19 L. If an election is held to change the purpose or list of capital 20 projects authorized by prior voter approval to issue bonds pursuant to 21 subsection A, paragraph 5 of this section, the following requirements 22 apply:

23 1. The election may be held only on the first Tuesday after the 24 first Monday in November.

25 2. Not later than thirty-five days before the election, the school 26 district shall mail an informational pamphlet prepared by the county 27 school superintendent to each household in the school district that 28 contains a qualified elector. The informational pamphlet shall contain, 29 at a minimum, the following information:

30

(a) The date of the election.

31

(b) The voter's polling place and the times it is open.

32

(c) A statement as to why the election was called.

33 (d) A complete list of each proposed capital improvement that is in 34 addition the initial capital improvements presented to in the 35 informational pamphlet when the bonds were approved and the proposed cost each improvement, including a separate aggregation of capital 36 of 37 improvements for administrative purposes as defined by the school 38 facilities oversight board.

(e) A complete list of each capital improvement that was presented 40 in the informational pamphlet when the bonds were initially approved and 41 that is proposed to be eliminated or to have its cost reduced, and the 42 proposed cost of each improvement, including a separate aggregation of 43 capital improvements for administrative purposes as defined by the school 44 facilities oversight board.

45 (f) Arguments for and against the proposed change, if submitted, as 46 provided by section 15-481, subsection B, paragraph 9. The ballot 47 arguments for the proposed change shall be signed as the governing board

1 of the school district without listing any member's individual name for 2 the arguments for the proposed change. 3 3. The ballot shall contain the words "change capital improvements, 4 yes" and "change capital improvements, no", and the voter shall signify 5 the voter's desired choice. 4. If the election is to add a purpose that was not on the initial 6 7 ballot, the ballot shall list the purpose that is proposed to be added. 8 M. If an election is held to extend the time to issue bonds 9 pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 6 of this section, the following 10 requirements apply: 1. The election may be held only on the first Tuesday after the 11 12 first Monday in November. 2. Not later than thirty-five days before the election, the school 13 14 district shall mail an informational pamphlet prepared by the county 15 school superintendent to each household in the school district that 16 contains a qualified elector. The informational pamphlet shall contain, 17 at a minimum, the following information: 18 (a) The date of the election. 19 (b) The voter's polling place and the times it is open. 20 (c) A statement as to why the election was called. (d) Arguments for and against the proposed change, if submitted, as 21 22 provided in section 15-481, subsection B, paragraph 9. The ballot 23 arguments for the proposed change shall be signed as the governing board 24 of the school district without listing any member's individual name for 25 the arguments for the proposed change. 3. The ballot shall contain the words "extend time to issue bonds, 26 27 yes" and "extend time to issue bonds, no", and the voter shall signify the 28 voter's desired choice. 29 Sec. 3. Section 15-905.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 30 read: 31 15-905.01. Truth in taxation; calculation; notice and 32 hearing; vote on tax increase 33 A. Each school district shall determine its truth in taxation base 34 limit for expenditures as follows: 1. Determine the amounts budgeted in fiscal year 1999-2000 for 35 36 expenditures in the following categories: (a) Desegregation pursuant to section 15-910. 37 38 (b) Dropout prevention programs. (c) Career and technical education and vocational education center 39 40 operations pursuant to section 15-910.01. 41 (d) Small school adjustments pursuant to section 15-949. 42 2. The sum of the expenditures in paragraph 1 of this subsection 43 for fiscal year 1999-2000 shall become the truth in taxation base limit. 3. For any year after fiscal year 1999-2000, a school district 44 45 whose aggregate budgeted expenditures for the expenditures prescribed in 46 paragraph 1 of this subsection exceed the truth in taxation base limit 47 shall publish a truth in taxation hearing notice that meets the

1 requirements of subsection B of this section. If the amount exceeding the 2 previous truth in taxation base limit is approved by the school district 3 governing board following the hearing prescribed in subsection B of this 4 section, the excess amount plus the previous truth in taxation base limit 5 becomes the school district's new truth in taxation base limit.

6 4. If a school district no longer qualifies for one or more of the 7 expenditures prescribed in paragraph 1 of this subsection, the amount 8 budgeted for the most recent fiscal year in which the school district was 9 eligible for that expenditure shall be deducted from the school district's 10 truth in taxation base limit.

B. For any fiscal year in which a school district governing board budgets an amount that is higher than the truth in taxation base limit calculated pursuant to subsection A of this section, any fiscal year in which a school district levies any amount for adjacent ways pursuant to section 15-995 or any fiscal year in which the school district levies any amount for liabilities in excess of the school district budget pursuant to rection 15-907:

18 1. The school district shall publish a notice that meets the 19 following requirements:

20 (a) The notice shall be published once in a newspaper of general 21 circulation in the school district. The publication shall be at least ten 22 but not more than twenty days before the date of the hearing.

23 (b) The notice shall be published in a location other than the 24 classified or legal advertising section of the newspaper in which it is 25 published.

26 (c) The notice shall be at least one-fourth page in size and shall 27 be surrounded by a solid black border at least one-eighth inch in width.

28 (d) The notice shall be in the following form, excluding the 29 parenthetical explanations, and with the "truth in taxation 30 hearing - notice of tax increase" headline in at least eighteen-point 31 type:

32Truth in Taxation Hearing33Notice of Tax Increase

In compliance with section 15-905.01. Arizona Revised 34 35 Statutes, ______ school district is notifying its property taxpayers of ______ school district's intention to raise 36 37 its primary property taxes over the current level to pay for 38 increased expenditures in those areas where the governing 39 board has the authority to increase property taxes for the fiscal year beginning July 1, ____. The _____ school 40 41 district is proposing an increase in its primary property tax 42 levy of \$_____ (amount of levy increase to pay for truth 43 in taxation base increase, the amount of the total levy for the adjacent ways fund and amounts for liabilities in excess 44 45 of the school district budget pursuant to section 15-907). The amount proposed above will cause _____ school 46

47 district's primary property taxes on a [<u>\$100.000</u>] [<u>AND</u>]

1 \$400,000 home to be \$_____ [AND \$, <u>RESPECTIVELY</u>](the amount used to pay for the budget year's 2 3 proposed truth in taxation base limit and adjacent ways levy, 4 including adjacent ways and liabilities in excess of the 5 school district budget [the amount divided by the current net 6 assessed value available February 10 pursuant to section 7 42-17052] applied to [<u>\$100,000</u>] [AND] \$400,000). Without the 8 tax increase, the total taxes that would be owed would have 9 been \$ [AND \$, RESPECTIVELY] (the amount used 10 to pay for the current year's truth in taxation base limit [the amount divided by the current net assessed value 11 12 available February 10 pursuant to section 42-17052] applied to 13 [<u>\$100,000</u>] [<u>AND</u>] **\$400,000**).

14 These amounts proposed are above the qualifying tax 15 levies as prescribed by state law, if applicable. The 16 increase is also exclusive of any changes that may occur from 17 property tax levies for voter approved bonded indebtedness or 18 budget and tax overrides.

All interested citizens are invited to attend the public hearing on the proposed tax increase scheduled to be held (date and time) at (location).

22 2. In lieu of publishing the truth in taxation notice, the 23 governing board may mail the truth in taxation notice prescribed by 24 paragraph 1, subdivision (d) of this subsection to all registered voters 25 in the district at least ten but not more than twenty days before the date 26 of the hearing.

3. In addition to publishing the truth in taxation notice under paragraph 1 of this subsection or mailing the notice under paragraph 2 of this subsection, the governing board shall issue a press release containing the truth in taxation notice to all newspapers of general circulation in the school district.

32 4. The governing board shall consider a motion to levy the 33 increased property taxes by roll call vote.

5. Within three days after the hearing, the governing board shall smail a copy of the truth in taxation notice, a statement of its publication or mailing and the result of the governing board's vote under paragraph 4 of this subsection to the property tax oversight commission sestablished by section 42-17002.

39 6. The governing board shall hold the truth in taxation hearing on 40 or before the adoption of the school district budget under section 15-905.

41 7. Expenditures for adjacent ways and liabilities in excess of the 42 school district budget do not become part of the school district's truth 43 in taxation base limit.

44 C. The department of education shall maintain a listing of each 45 school district's truth in taxation base limit and shall verify the 46 accuracy of the school district's computations. A school district 1 governing board shall notify the department of education of any change in 2 the district's truth in taxation base limit.

3 D. The department of education shall develop a budget form for 4 school districts to show the primary tax rate associated for each of the 5 expenditure categories mentioned in subsection A, paragraph 1 of this 6 section and for expenditures for adjacent ways pursuant to section 15-995 7 or any other expenditure in excess of the school district budget pursuant 8 to section 15-907. A school district shall make this information 9 available to the general public at truth in taxation hearings and shall 10 submit the information to the department of education.

11 Sec. 4. Section 15-1461.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 12 read:

- 13 14
- 15-1461.01. <u>Truth in taxation notice and hearing; roll call</u> vote on tax increase; definition

A. On or before February 10 of the tax year, the county assessor for shall transmit and certify to the property tax oversight commission and to the district governing board the total net assessed values that are required to compute the levy limit prescribed by section 42-17051. If the proposed primary property tax levy, excluding amounts that are attributable to new construction, is greater than the amount levied in the preceding tax year by the district:

1. The district governing board shall publish a notice that meets all of the following requirements:

(a) Is published twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the 25 district. The first publication shall be at least fourteen but not more 26 than twenty days before the date of the hearing. The second publication 27 shall be at least seven but not more than ten days before the date of the 28 hearing.

29 (b) Is published in a location other than the classified or legal 30 advertising section of the newspaper in which it is published.

31 (c) Is at least one-fourth page in size and is surrounded by a 32 solid black border at least one-eighth inch in width.

33 (d) Is in the following form, with the "truth in taxation 34 hearing-notice of tax increase" headline in at least eighteen-point type:

35 Truth in Taxation Hearing 36 Notice of Tax Increase 37 In compliance with section 15-1461.01, Arizona Revised 38 Statutes, (name of community college district) is notifying property taxpayers of <u>(name of community college</u> 39 its 40 <u>district's</u>) intention to raise its primary property taxes over 41 last year's level. The (name of community college district) 42 is proposing an increase in primary property taxes of 43 \$_____ or ___%. 44 For example, the proposed tax increase will cause (name

45 <u>of community college district's</u>) primary property taxes on a
 46 [\$100,000] [AND] \$400,000 home to be \$(total proposed taxes)
 47 <u>including the tax increase</u>) [AND \$(TOTAL PROPOSED TAXES)

INCLUDING THE TAX INCREASE), RESPECTIVELY]. Without the 1 proposed tax increase, the total taxes that would be owed on a 2 3 [<u>\$100,000</u>] [<u>AND</u>] **\$400,000** home would have been **\$**_____ [<u>AND</u>] 4 . RESPECTIVELY1. \$ 5 This proposed increase is exclusive of increased primary 6 property taxes received from new construction. The increase 7 is also exclusive of any changes that may occur from property 8 tax levies for voter approved bonded indebtedness or budget 9 and tax overrides. 10 All interested citizens are invited to attend the public hearing on the tax increase that is scheduled to be held 11 12 (date and time) at (location). 13 (e) Is included in the proposed budget and in the budget finally 14 adopted pursuant to section 15-1461. 2. In lieu of publishing the truth in taxation notice, the district 15 16 board may mail the truth in taxation notice prescribed by paragraph 1, 17 subdivision (d) of this subsection to all registered voters in the 18 district at least ten but not more than twenty days before the date of the 19 hearing. 20 3. In addition to publishing the truth in taxation notice under 21 paragraph 1 of this subsection or mailing the notice under paragraph 2 of 22 this subsection, the district governing board shall issue a press release 23 containing the truth in taxation notice to all newspapers of general 24 circulation in the district. The press release must: (a) Include the name of the newspaper of general circulation in 25 26 which the truth in taxation notice will be published and the dates on 27 which the truth in taxation notice will be published. 28 (b) Be posted on the official website of the community college 29 district. 4. The district board shall consider a motion to levy the increased 30 31 property taxes by roll call vote. If the proposed levy, exclusive of 32 increased property taxes received from new construction, constitutes an 33 increase over the preceding tax year's levy by fifteen percent or more, 34 the motion to levy the increased property taxes must be approved by a 35 unanimous roll call vote of the district board. 5. Within three days after the hearing, the district board shall 36 a copy of the truth in taxation notice, a statement of its 37 mail 38 publication or mailing and the result of the district board's vote under 39 paragraph 4 of this subsection to the property tax oversight commission 40 established by section 42-17002. 6. The district board shall hold the truth in taxation hearing on 41 42 or before the adoption of the county, city or town budget under section 43 42-17105. B. If the governing board fails to comply with the requirements of 44 45 this section, the governing board shall not fix, levy or assess an amount 46 of primary property taxes that exceeds the preceding year's amount, except 47 for amounts attributable to new construction.

1 C. For the purposes of this section, "amount attributable to new 2 construction" means the net assessed valuation of property added to the 3 tax roll since the previous year multiplied by a property tax rate 4 computed by dividing the district's primary property tax levy in the 5 preceding year by the estimate of the district's total net assessed 6 valuation for the current year, excluding the net assessed valuation 7 attributable to new construction.

8 Sec. 5. Section 35-454, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 9 read:

- 10 11
- 35-454. <u>Informational pamphlet for bond election; review;</u> <u>ballot: election; return; canvass of votes;</u> certificate of election

12 13

A. The governing body or board of the political subdivision shall:

14 1. At least thirty-five days before the bond election, mail a copy 15 of an informational pamphlet to every household within the political 16 subdivision that contains a registered voter. The pamphlet shall contain 17 information on the:

18

(a) Amount of the bond authorization.

19 (b) Maximum interest rate of the bonds.

(c) Estimated debt retirement schedule for the current amount of 21 bonds outstanding, showing both principal and interest payments, the 22 current net assessed valuation as reported by the department of revenue 23 and the current adopted and estimated tax rates. For the purposes of this 24 paragraph, "net assessed valuation" may include the values used to 25 determine voluntary contributions collected pursuant to title 9, chapter 26 4, article 3 and title 48, chapter 1, article 8.

27 (d) Estimated debt retirement schedule for the proposed bond 28 authorization, showing both the estimated principal and interest payments 29 and the estimated average annual tax rate for the proposed bond 30 authorization. In preparing this information and the information 31 prescribed by subdivision (c) of this paragraph, the projected total 32 annual increase in net assessed valuation for any future year shall not 33 exceed:

(i) For the first five years of the estimated debt retirement So schedule, the average of the annual percentage growth for the previous ten device the second secon

37 (ii) For the remaining years of the estimated debt retirement 38 schedule, twenty percent of the average of the annual percentage growth 39 for the previous ten years in the net assessed valuation of the political 40 subdivision.

41 (e) Source of repayment.

42

(f) Estimated issuance costs.

43 (g) Estimated tax impact of debt service for the bonds on an 44 owner-occupied residence classified as class three pursuant to section 45 42-12003, on commercial property classified as class one pursuant to 46 section 42-12001, paragraph 12 and on agricultural or other vacant 47 property classified as class two pursuant to section 42-12002, assuming

1 the net assessed valuation of the property increases annually at the 2 lesser of five percent or fifty percent of the projected total annual 3 increase in net assessed valuation as determined pursuant to subdivision 4 (d) of this paragraph over the term of the bonds using the same average 5 annual tax rate as under subdivision (d) of this paragraph, as follows: 6 The tax impact over the term of the bonds on an 7 owner-occupied residence valued by the county assessor at [<u>\$250,000</u>] [<u>AND</u>] **\$400,000** is estimated to be **\$____** per year for 8 9 years, or \$ total cost [AND \$ PER YEAR FOR YEARS, 10 OR \$ TOTAL COST, RESPECTIVELY]. The tax impact over the term of the bonds on commercial 11 12 property valued by the county assessor at [\$1,000,000] 13 [\$1,500,000] [AND \$2,000,000] is estimated to be \$____ per 14 year for years, or \$ total cost [AND \$ PER YEAR FOR YEARS, OR \$ TOTAL COST, RESPECTIVELY]. 15 The tax impact 16 over the term of the bonds on 17 agricultural or other vacant property valued by the county 18 assessor at \$100,000 is estimated to be \$____ per year for ____ 19 years, or \$ total cost. (h) In **bold-faced** BOLDFACE type, estimated total cost of the 20 21 proposed bond authorization, including principal and interest. 22 (i) Current outstanding general obligation debt and constitutional 23 debt limitation. 24 (j) Projects and expenditures for which the bonds are to be issued. 25 The purpose statement shall only present factual information in a neutral 26 manner. Advocacy for the expenditures is strictly limited to the 27 arguments submitted pursuant to subdivision (n) of this paragraph. 28 (k) Purpose for which the bonds are to be issued and, if 29 applicable, in **bold-faced** BOLDFACE type, that the amount of the proposed 30 bond authorization combined with the current outstanding debt exceeds the 31 political subdivision's constitutional debt limit. (1) Polling location for the addressee. 32 33 (m) Hours during the day when the polls will be open. (n) Arguments for and against the authorization of one or more of 34 35 the bond propositions. Each argument filed shall contain the sworn 36 statement of the person submitting it. If the argument is submitted by an 37 organization, it shall contain the sworn statement of two executive 38 officers of the organization. If the argument is submitted by a political 39 committee, it shall contain the sworn statement of the committee's 40 chairperson or treasurer. If the argument is submitted by an individual 41 and not on behalf of an organization, a political committee or any other 42 group, the person shall submit the argument with a sworn, notarized 43 statement. The names of persons and entities submitting written arguments 44 shall be included in the informational pamphlet. Persons signing the 45 argument shall identify themselves by giving their residence address and 46 telephone number, which may not appear in the informational pamphlet, 47 except that the person's city or town and state of residence shall appear

1 in the pamphlet. Any argument that is submitted and that does not comply 2 with this subdivision may not be included in the pamphlet.

2. Set a deadline to submit arguments for and against the 4 authorization of one or more of the bond propositions at a public meeting 5 and publish the deadline in a newspaper of general circulation in the 6 jurisdiction of the political subdivision.

7 B. The failure of any one or more electors to receive the 8 informational pamphlet shall not be grounds to invalidate the election. 9 The election shall conform with the general election laws of this state. 10 The return of the election held in a county shall be made to the board of 11 supervisors and, in any other case, to the governing body or board of the 12 municipal corporation or district within twelve days after the election.

13 C. For any proposed general obligation bond authorization for which 14 the principal and interest will be paid by a levy of property taxes, the 15 ballot shall contain the phrase IN BOLDFACE TYPE "the issuance of these 16 bonds will result in a property tax increase sufficient to pay the annual 17 debt service on bonds. PRINCIPAL OF AND INTEREST ON THE BONDS WILL BE 18 PAYABLE FROM A CONTINUING, DIRECT, ANNUAL, AD VALOREM TAX LEVIED AGAINST 19 ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY LOCATED WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE (NAME OF 20 DISTRICT OR JURISDICTION). THE BONDS WILL BE PAYABLE FROM THE TAX WITHOUT 21 LIMIT AS TO RATE OR AMOUNT". Any written information provided by the 22 political subdivision pertaining to the bond election shall include 23 financial information showing the estimated average tax rate for the 24 proposed bond authorization. If the bonds are to be repaid with secondary 25 property taxes, the ballot shall contain the words "bond approval, yes" 26 and "bond approval, no", and the voter shall signify the voter's desired 27 choice. The ballot shall also contain the following statement:

A "yes" vote shall authorize the _____ governing body to issue and sell \$_____ of _____ bonds of the district to be repaid with secondary property taxes.

31A "no" vote shall not authorize the _____ governing32body to issue and sell such bonds of the district.

D. If the governing body intends to use revenues other than property taxes to pay the debt on proposed general obligation bonds, the ballot shall contain the phrase "the issuance of these bonds will result in a property tax increase sufficient to pay the annual debt service on provides for payment from other sources".

E. The board of supervisors, governing body or governing board 39 shall hold a special meeting within twenty days after the election to 40 canvass the votes cast and certify the result. The certificate of the 41 result shall be prima facie evidence of full performance of all conditions 42 and requirements precedent to holding the election.

F. The governing board or body shall file and record in the office 44 of the county recorder a certificate disclosing the purpose of the 45 election, the total number of votes cast and the total number of votes for 46 and against creating the indebtedness, and stating whether or not the

1 indebtedness is ordered. On filing and recording the certificate, the 2 governing board or body shall carry out the purpose of the election. 3 G. Variations between the estimates required by subsection A of 4 this section and the actual debt retirement schedules, issuance costs, 5 annual and total costs and tax rates shall not invalidate either the 6 election or the bonds. Sec. 6. Section 41-1276, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 7 8 read: 9 41-1276. Truth in taxation levy for equalization assistance 10 to school districts A. On or before February 15 of each year, the joint legislative 11 12 budget committee shall compute and transmit the truth in taxation rates 13 for equalization assistance for school districts for the following fiscal 14 year to: 1. The chairpersons of the house of representatives ways and means 15 16 committee and the senate finance committee, or their successor committees. 17 2. The chairpersons of the appropriations committees of the senate 18 and the house of representatives, or their successor committees. B. The truth in taxation rates consist of the qualifying tax rate 19 20 for a high school district or a common school district within a high 21 school district that does not offer instruction in high school subjects 22 pursuant to section 15-971, subsection B, paragraph 1 and a qualifying tax 23 rate for a unified district, a common school district not within a high 24 school district or a common school district within a high school district 25 that offers instruction in high school subjects pursuant to section 26 15-971, subsection B, paragraph 2 that will offset the change in net 27 assessed valuation of property that was subject to tax in the prior year. 28 C. The joint legislative budget committee shall compute the truth 29 in taxation rates as follows: 30 1. Determine the statewide net assessed value for the preceding tax 31 year as provided in section 42-17151, subsection A, paragraph 3. 32 2. Determine the statewide net assessed value for the current tax 33 year, excluding the net assessed value of property that was not subject to 34 tax in the preceding year. 35 3. Divide the amount determined in paragraph 1 of this subsection 36 by the amount determined in paragraph 2 of this subsection. 37 4. Adjust the qualifying tax rates for the current fiscal year by 38 the percentage determined in paragraph 3 of this subsection in order to 39 offset the change in net assessed value. 40 D. Except as provided in subsections E and G of this section, the 41 qualifying tax rate for a high school district or a common school district 42 within a high school district that does not offer instruction in high 43 school subjects and the qualifying tax rate for a unified school district, 44 a common school district not within a high school district or a common 45 school district within a high school district that offers instruction in 46 high school subjects for the following fiscal year shall be the rate 47 determined by the joint legislative budget committee pursuant to

1 subsection C of this section. The committee shall transmit the rates to 2 the superintendent of public instruction and the county boards of 3 supervisors by March 15 of each year. E. If the legislature proposes qualifying tax rates that exceed the 4 5 truth in taxation rate: 1. The house of representatives ways and means committee and the 6 7 senate finance committee, or their successor committees, shall hold a 8 joint hearing on or before February 28 and publish a notice of a truth in 9 taxation hearing subject to the following requirements: (a) The notice shall be published twice in a newspaper of general 10 11 circulation in this state that is published at the state capital. The 12 first publication shall be at least fourteen but not more than twenty days 13 before the date of the hearing. The second publication shall be at least 14 seven but not more than ten days before the date of the hearing. (b) The notice shall be published in a location other than the 15 16 classified or legal advertising section of the newspaper. (c) The notice shall be at least one-fourth page in size and shall 17 18 be surrounded by a solid black border at least one-eighth inch in width. (d) The notice shall be in the following form, with the "truth in 19 20 taxation hearing - notice of tax increase" headline in at least 21 eighteen-point type: 22 Truth in Taxation Hearing 23 Notice of Tax Increase 24 In compliance with section 41-1276, Arizona Revised 25 Statutes, the state legislature is notifying property 26 taxpayers in Arizona of the legislature's intention to raise 27 the property tax levy over last year's level. 28 The proposed tax increase will cause the taxes on a 29 [<u>\$100,000</u>] [<u>AND</u>] **\$400,000** home to be <u>\$(total proposed taxes</u> including the tax increase) [\$(TOTAL PROPOSED TAXES INCLUDING 30 THE TAX INCREASE), RESPECTIVELY]. Without the proposed tax 31 increase, the total taxes that would be owed on a [\$100,000] 32 33 [<u>AND</u>] **\$400,000** home would have been **\$____** [<u>AND </u>\$____ 34 RESPECTIVELY]. All interested citizens are invited to attend a public 35 36 hearing on the tax increase that is scheduled to be held 37 (date and time) at (location). 38 (e) For the purposes of computing the tax increase on a [\$100.000]39 [AND] \$400,000 home as required by the notice, the joint meeting of the 40 house of representatives ways and means committee and the senate finance 41 committee, or their successor committees, shall consider the difference 42 between the truth in taxation rate and the proposed increased rate. 43 2. The joint meeting of the house of representatives ways and means 44 committee and the senate finance committee, or their successor committees, 45 shall consider any motion to recommend the proposed tax rates to the full

46 legislature by roll call vote.

1 F. In addition to publishing the truth in taxation notice under 2 subsection E, paragraph 1 of this section, the joint meeting of the house 3 of representatives ways and means committee and the senate finance 4 committee, or their successor committees, shall issue a press release 5 containing the truth in taxation notice.

6 G. Notwithstanding any other law, the legislature shall not adopt a 7 state budget that provides for qualifying tax rates pursuant to section 8 15-971 that exceed the truth in taxation rates computed pursuant to 9 subsection A of this section unless the rates are adopted by a concurrent 10 resolution approved by an affirmative roll call vote of two-thirds of the 11 members of each house of the legislature before the legislature enacts the 12 general appropriations bill. If the resolution is not approved by 13 two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature, the rates for 14 the following fiscal year shall be the truth in taxation rates determined 15 pursuant to subsection C of this section and shall be transmitted to the 16 superintendent of public instruction and the county boards of supervisors.

H. Notwithstanding subsection C of this section and if approved by the qualified electors voting at a statewide general election, the general election, the legislature shall not set a qualifying tax rate that exceeds \$2.1265 for a common or high school district or \$4.253 for a unified school district. The legislature shall not set a county equalization assistance for education rate that exceeds \$0.5123.

I. Pursuant to subsection C of this section, the qualifying tax rate in tax year 2024 for a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that does not offer instruction in high school subjects as provided in section 15-447 is \$1.5930 and for a runified school district, a common school district not within a high school district or a common school district within a high school district that offers instruction in high school subjects as provided in section 15-447 o is \$3.1860.

31 Sec. 7. Section 42-17107, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 32 read:

33 42-17107. <u>Truth in taxation notice and hearing; roll call</u>
 34 <u>vote on tax increase; definition</u>

A. On or before February 10 of the tax year, the county assessor shall transmit and certify to the property tax oversight commission and to the governing body of the county, city or town the total net assessed values that are required to compute the levy limit prescribed by section 9 42-17051. If the proposed primary property tax levy, excluding amounts 40 that are attributable to new construction, is greater than the amount 41 levied by the county, city or town in the preceding tax year in the 42 county, city or town:

43 1. The governing body shall publish a notice that meets all of the 44 following requirements:

45 (a) Is published twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the 46 county, city or town. The first publication shall be at least fourteen 47 but not more than twenty days before the date of the hearing. The second

1 publication shall be at least seven but not more than ten days before the 2 date of the hearing. 3 (b) Is published in a location other than the classified or legal 4 advertising section of the newspaper in which it is published. (c) Is at least one-fourth page in size and is surrounded by a 5 6 solid black border at least one-eighth inch in width. (d) Is in the following form, with the "truth in taxation hearing 7 8 notice of tax increase" headline in at least eighteen-point type: 9 Truth in Taxation Hearing 10 Notice of Tax Increase 11 In compliance with section 42-17107, Arizona Revised 12 Statutes, (name of county. city or town) is notifying its 13 property taxpayers of (name of county, city or town)'s 14 intention to raise its primary property taxes over last year's level. (name of county, city or town) is proposing an 15 16 increase in primary property taxes of \$_____ or ____%. For example, the proposed tax increase will cause (name 17 18 of county, city or town)'s primary property taxes on a 19 [\$100,000] [AND] \$400,000 home to be \$(total proposed taxes 20 including the tax increase) [AND \$(TOTAL PROPOSED TAXES INCLUDING THE TAX INCREASE), RESPECTIVELY]. Without the 21 22 proposed tax increase, the total taxes that would be owed on a 23 [<u>\$100,000</u>] [<u>AND</u>] \$400,000 home would have been \$_____ [<u>AND</u>] 24 \$, RESPECTIVELY]. 25 This proposed increase is exclusive of increased primary 26 property taxes received from new construction. The increase is also exclusive of any changes that may occur from property 27 28 tax levies for voter approved bonded indebtedness or budget 29 and tax overrides. 30 All interested citizens are invited to attend the public 31 hearing on the tax increase that is scheduled to be held 32 (date and time) at (location). 33 (e) Is included in the estimates of revenues and expenses pursuant 34 to section 42-17103 and in the budget finally adopted pursuant to section 35 42-17105. 36 2. In lieu of publishing the truth in taxation notice, the 37 governing body may mail the truth in taxation notice prescribed by 38 paragraph 1, subdivision (d) of this subsection to all registered voters 39 in the county, city or town at least ten but not more than twenty days 40 before the date of the hearing on the estimates pursuant to section 41 42-17104. 42 3. In addition to publishing the truth in taxation notice under 43 paragraph 1 of this subsection or mailing the notice under paragraph 2 of 44 this subsection, the governing body shall issue a press release containing 45 the truth in taxation notice. The press release must:

1 (a) Include the name of the newspaper of general circulation in 2 which the truth in taxation notice will be published and the dates on 3 which the truth in taxation notice will be published.

4

(b) Be posted on the official website of the county, city or town.

5 4. The governing body shall consider a motion to levy the increased 6 property taxes by roll call vote. If the proposed levy, exclusive of 7 increased property taxes received from new construction, constitutes an 8 increase over the preceding tax year's levy by fifteen percent or more, 9 the motion to levy the increased property taxes must be approved by a 10 unanimous roll call vote of the governing body.

5. Within three days after the hearing, the governing body shall mail a copy of the truth in taxation notice, a statement of its publication or mailing and the result of the governing body's vote under paragraph 4 of this subsection to the property tax oversight commission.

15 6. The governing body shall hold the truth in taxation hearing on 16 or before the adoption of the county, city or town budget under section 17 42-17105.

18 B. If the governing body fails to comply with the requirements of 19 this section, the governing body shall not fix, levy or assess an amount 20 of primary property taxes that exceeds the preceding year's amount, except 21 for amounts attributable to new construction.

C. For the purposes of this section, "amount attributable to new construction" means the net assessed valuation of property added to the tax roll since the previous year multiplied by a property tax rate computed by dividing the primary property tax levy of the county, city or town in the preceding year by the estimate of the total net assessed valuation of the county, city or town for the current year, excluding the a net assessed valuation attributable to new construction.

29 Sec. 8. Section 48-254, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 30 read:

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48-254. <u>Truth in taxation notice and hearing; roll call vote</u> <u>on tax increase; definition</u>

A. On or before February 10 of the tax year, the county assessor shall transmit and certify to the property tax oversight commission and to the governing body of each county flood control district, county free library district, county jail district and public health services district the total net assessed values that are required to compute the levy prescribed by sections 48-3620, 48-3903, 48-4023, 48-4023.01 and 48-5805. If the proposed secondary property tax levy of the special taxing district, excluding amounts attributable to new construction, is greater than the amount levied by the special taxing district in the preceding tax 42 year:

43 1. The governing body shall publish a notice that meets all of the 44 following requirements:

45 (a) Is published twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the 46 county. The first publication shall be at least fourteen but not more 47 than twenty days before the date of the hearing. The second publication

1 shall be at least seven but not more than ten days before the date of the 2 hearing. 3 (b) Is published in a location other than the classified or legal 4 advertising section of the newspaper in which it is published. (c) Is at least one-fourth page in size and is surrounded by a 5 6 solid black border at least one-eighth inch in width. (d) Is in the following form, with the "truth in taxation 7 8 hearing-notice of tax increase" headline in at least eighteen-point type: 9 Truth in Taxation Hearing 10 Notice of Tax Increase 11 In compliance with section 48-254, Arizona Revised 12 Statutes, (name of special taxing district) is notifying its 13 property taxpayers of (name of special taxing district)'s 14 intention to raise its secondary property taxes over last 15 year's level. (name of special taxing district) is proposing an increase in secondary property taxes of \$_____ or 16 17 %. 18 For example, the proposed tax increase will cause (name 19 of special taxing district)'s secondary property taxes on a [<u>\$100.000</u>] [<u>AND</u>] **\$400,000** home to be **\$**(total proposed taxes 20 including the tax increase) [AND \$(TOTAL PROPOSED TAXES 21 22 INCLUDING THE TAX INCREASE), RESPECTIVELY]. Without the 23 proposed tax increase, the total taxes that would be owed on a 24 [\$100,000] [AND] \$400,000 home would have been \$ [AND] 25 <u>\$. RESPECTIVELY].</u> 26 This proposed increase is exclusive of increased secondary property taxes received from new construction. The 27 28 increase is also exclusive of any changes that may occur from property tax levies for voter-approved bonded indebtedness. 29 30 All interested citizens are invited to attend the public 31 hearing on the tax increase that is scheduled to be held (date and time) at (location). 32 33 (e) Is included in the proposed budget and in the budget finally 34 adopted pursuant to section 48-252. 35 2. Instead of publishing the truth in taxation notice, the 36 governing body may mail the truth in taxation notice prescribed by 37 paragraph 1, subdivision (d) of this subsection to all registered voters 38 in the special taxing district at least ten but not more than twenty days 39 before the date of the hearing on the estimates pursuant to section 40 42-17104. 3. In addition to publishing the truth in taxation notice under 41 42 paragraph 1 of this subsection or mailing the notice under paragraph 2 of 43 this subsection, the governing body shall issue a press release containing 44 the truth in taxation notice. The press release must: (a) Include the name of the newspaper of general circulation in 45 46 which the truth in taxation notice will be published and the dates on 47 which the truth in taxation notice will be published.

1 (b) Be posted on the official website of the special taxing 2 district. 3 4. The governing body may only consider a motion to levy the 4 increased property taxes by roll call vote. 5. Within three days after the hearing, the governing body shall 5 6 mail a copy of the truth in taxation notice, as a statement of its 7 publication or mailing, and the result of the governing body's vote under 8 paragraph 4 of this subsection to the property tax oversight commission. 6. The governing body shall hold the truth in taxation hearing 9 10 concurrently with the adoption of the county budget under section 11 42-17105. B. If the governing body fails to comply with the requirements of 12 13 this section, the governing body may not fix, levy or assess an amount of 14 secondary property taxes that exceeds the preceding year's amount, except 15 for amounts attributable to new construction. C. For the purposes of this section, "amounts attributable to new 16 17 construction" means the net assessed valuation of property added to the 18 tax roll since the previous year multiplied by a property tax rate 19 computed by dividing the secondary property tax levy of the special taxing 20 district in the preceding year by the estimate of the total net assessed 21 valuation of the special taxing district for the current year, excluding 22 the net assessed valuation attributable to new construction. 23 Enroll and engross to conform 24 Amend title to conform And, as so amended, it do pass

> JUSTIN OLSON CHAIRMAN

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